Geometry Chapter 1 Review For Exams

Main topics that you should understand.

- Segment Addition Postulate
- Angle Addition Postulate
- Segment Bisectors
- Angle Bisectors
- Linear Pairs

- Vertical Angles
- Complementary & Supplementary Angles
- Distance Formula
- Midpoint Formula
- 1. Given that A is between B and C, find AB if AC = 15 and BC = 22.5.
- 2. Given that C is between D and E, solve for x if CD = 2x + 3, DE = 39, and CE = x 12.
- 3. Given that E is between A and B, find AB if AE = 2x + 6, EB = 14, and AB = x + 35.
- 4. Given that B is in the interior of $\angle CAD$, find m $\angle CAB$ if the m $\angle CAD = 48$ and m $\angle BAD = 22$.
- 5. Given that E is in the interior of $\angle BAD$, solve for x if the m $\angle BAE = 2x + 6$, m $\angle EAD = 3x + 24$, and m $\angle BAD = 95$.
- 6. Given that F is in the interior of $\angle CAB$, find the m $\angle CAF$ if the m $\angle CAB = x + 42$, m $\angle FAB = 12$, and the m $\angle CAF = 2x 6$.
- 7. Given that \overline{AB} bisects \overline{CD} at E, find CE if AB = 12 and CD = 14.
- 8. Given that \overline{CD} bisects \overline{AB} at F, solve for x if AB = 2x + 6 and AF = 12.
- 9. Given that \overrightarrow{AB} bisects $\angle CAD$. Find the m $\angle CAB$ if the m $\angle CAD = 98$.
- 10. Given that *DE* bisects $\angle ADC$, solve for x given that $m \angle ADE = 2x + 15$, and $m \angle EDC = 57$.
- 11. Given that \overrightarrow{CD} bisects $\angle ACE$, Find the m $\angle ACD$ if the m $\angle ACE = x + 48$ and m $\angle ECD = x 6$.

Solve for x (ignore y).



Find the midpoint and distance of the given points.

- 15. A(3, -4) B(5, -6)
- 16. A(-4, 5, 8) B(6, -1, 2)